## **ERRATUM**

In the solution to Problem 92.4.4, which was written by L. Alvarez and J. Dolado, it was stated that the OLS estimator for  $\mu(\hat{\mu})$  in the model

$$y_t = \mu + u_t,$$

where  $u_t = e_t - e_{t-1}$ ,  $e_0$  and  $\{e_t\}$  is a martingale difference sequence (MDS) with  $E(e_t^2) = \sigma^2$ , was as follows.

$$T(\hat{\mu} - \mu) \Rightarrow N(0, \sigma^2),$$
 (1)

given that

$$\hat{\mu} = \mu + \sum_{t=1}^{T} (e_t - e_{t-1})/T = \mu + e_T/T.$$
 (2)

The result in (1) is correct (asymptotically and in finite samples) only if  $e_T = N(0, \sigma^2)$ . Since  $\{e_t\}$  is an MDS in the problem, the correct asymptotic distribution would be

$$T(\hat{\mu} - \mu) \Rightarrow e_{\infty},$$
 (3)

where  $e_{\infty}$  is the limiting distribution of  $e_T$  as  $T \uparrow \infty$  with  $E(e_{\infty}) = 0$  and  $V(e_{\infty}) = \sigma^2$ .

However, as correctly stated in the solution, the asymptotic distribution of the GLS estimator  $(\tilde{\mu})$  is given by

$$T^{3/2}(\tilde{\mu} - \mu) \Rightarrow N(0, 3\sigma^2), \tag{4}$$

since  $T^{-3/2} \sum_{i=1}^{T} te_i \Rightarrow N(0, \sigma^2/3)$  by application of the multivariate central limit theorem for MDS [1].

This erratum was prepared by L. Alvarez and J. Dolado who are grateful to In Choi for having pointed out this mistake to us.

## REFERENCE

1. Helland, I.S. Central limit theorems for martingales with discrete or continuous time. Scandinavian Journal of Statistics 9 (1982): 79-94.